

ALL GOING AWAY.

The Social Leaders at the Capital Hasting Away.

Mrs. Cleveland and Little Cleavelands Went First.

BUT CONGRESS STAYS.

Arkansas Editors Given a Royal Time by Officials.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—[Special.]—Society is on the move. Early this week Mrs. Cleveland and the Little Cleavelands went to Buffalo on a visit to her mother, Mrs. Perrine, and will remain there until the improvements in progress at Buzzard's Bay are completed. Of the diplomatic circle Lady Pauncote and daughters were the first to go abroad, where they will remain till autumn. Sir Julian Pauncote will join them in midsummer. Several of the foreign ministers and their families have engaged passage at various times during the early summer. In the meantime the usual gaieties of a purely social nature are about ended, but entertainments for charitable purposes are still frequent and well patronized. Sympathy for the Greeks, who have suffered terribly in recent earthquakes, is to be shown in the most practical and effective way. Mrs. S. Barton French, who resided in Athens while her father was United States minister there, has given a lecture on the country and will report for the benefit of the sufferers. There is no falling off, however, in the attendance at places of public entertainment, and the four principal theaters have this week presented all grades of opera from grand to burlesque.

The Wane of the Coxey Movement.

One sees but little evidence here of the alleged distress which moved the heart of the late Mr. Coxey. The march of the "army" into the country last Saturday was a grand free show to several thousand people, and those who have taken most careful note of them allege that of the 280 men—by no actual count—who went away with him less than 100 were men who came with him. It was also alleged that only three colored men were in his first procession, there were about 80 on the retiring march, while at least 100 of the whites were led too young to show beard, dozens of them seemingly about 16 years old. The only tony looking fellow in the procession was Coxey's son, an apparently about 18 years old, handsomely dressed in army blue, with yellow gaiters and a cadet's military cap, riding a fine chestnut sorrel horse and acting as marshal of the outfit.

An interesting event of the week has been the jaunt of the Arkansas editors, many of them accompanied by wives and daughters. Speaker Crisp half a dozen in their honor, and on Monday evening Senator Jones had a reception for them at his residence. On Tuesday they made the trip to Mount Vernon by steamer and had a planked shad dinner, after which they took in "Panorama" at the National theater. Speaker Crisp visited the art gallery, museums, navy yards, etc., and then scattered to the neighboring cities on the go as you please order. They came as invited guests of the Arkansas association of the District, which appointed as a committee to take care of them while here Messrs. L. G. Gibbs, assistant secretary of the senate, W. H. McDaniel, messenger of the house, W. H. Hart, secretary of the senate committee on public lands; J. K. Jones, Jr., secretary of the senate committee on Indian affairs; E. L. Berry, assistant disbursing clerk of the house, and some others. And as a majority of these editors have been making the editors happy were abundant. It was noted with some amusement that all the editors seized every occasion to say that the general outlook in Arkansas is excellent, that there are no strikes and no Coxeyism, and that the peace is profound and prosperity only awaiting the settlement of the tariff question. Consequently now is the time to settle in Arkansas and likewise the time to subscribe.

Cutting Down the Forces.

There is, however, a good deal of uneasiness in the Arkansas association as well as in many other state associations where department employees abound, for now is the time of cutting down forces. Public Printer Benedict says that 800 or more must go from his office, and Secretary Lamont is making up a list of 800 to be dismissed from the war department on or before the 1st of July. The record and pension office will furnish the majority of these, including several chiefs of divisions, as the work of the record division is well toward completion, and the time has come for pensions to decrease steadily if not rapidly. In the state department also several changes have been made, especially of reductions in grade among the old clerks. The opponents of the Chinese treaty have succeeded in getting it shelved for the present, the main pretense being that the tariff bill is to be pressed to the exclusion of everything else. It is admitted that a majority of the senate is in favor of the treaty, but the opposition asserts with great confidence that the needed two-thirds for confirmation cannot be obtained. In the meantime the president, with Secretary Gresham and Carlisle, is off for 10 days' vacation in the waters about Norfolk and all along that shore.

New Members.

Members of the house say that the vacancies on various committees will not be filled at this session and some of them possibly not during this congress. The death of Mr. Bratton has vacated the committee on militia and merchant marine and fisheries, and the retirement of Mr. Compton vacancies on the committees on appropriations and on election of president and vice president. Hon. Harry W. Ogden, who has just taken his seat as successor to Mr. Blanchard in representing the Fourth Louisiana district, is one of the largest cotton planters in the Red river district, and so far as can be judged by a few days' observation a very pleasant and cultured gentleman. He was born in Virginia and resided in Missouri, and Senator Cockrell was his Sunday school teacher there for some time. He states with some pride that his first vote was cast for Senator Vest, but it did not amount to much, as it was to send the latter to the Confederate congress at Richmond. While serving in the Confederate army Mr. Ogden took a liking to the Red river valley, where he was stationed for some time, and accordingly located there after the war. He is affable, philosophical and inclined to be satisfied with the world as it is.

Smokers going wild over Rosetta cigars.

WHO'S BACKING SANDERS.

Commissioner Ed Wagner Thinks That Silver Mine Owners Are.

United States Commissioner E. A. Wagner, who tried "General" J. S. Sanders and his followers, and bound them over to the federal court, said today to a JOURNAL reporter that he believes Sanders is paid by the mine owners and operators of Colorado to march to Washington. "There is no doubt of this in my mind," Mr. Wagner says. "I believe fully that Sanders is backed by the mine operators of Colorado, who have taken advantage of the Coxey movement to make this play in their own interests. An army of miners like that headed by Sanders has a great deal more weight and effect than a delegation of mine owners could possibly have. I don't suppose the followers as a rule are in this deal, but I think Sanders is. Advantage is always taken of a great movement, like that of Coxey's. Of course the Coxey movement has its serious side, and I don't pretend to explain the existence of the other armies the same way."

Changing the subject, Mr. Wagner continued, "After the hearing at Leavenworth was over and I had bound the defendants over, Sanders came to me and said he wanted to thank me for the kind and considerate treatment he had received from me. I thought he intended it for sarcasm and I resented it and said, 'You are under no obligations to me.' Sanders said, 'I mean it though, you have treated me as well as I had any reason to expect.'"

"I had reasons for believing that the lawyers and some of the men on the defendants' side intended to ignore or possibly ridicule the court." In fact I resented this to the effect on the outside. I was prepared for them and at the very first evidence of any such thing, I would have fined them heavily for contempt. It would have been enforced, too, for the marshal was right there in person to carry out my orders."

"Dr. McCabe met me on the street today and said, 'My boy, I am glad to see you are following our teachings. When you were our police judge for six months you tried to inculcate in you the principles of justice, and I am glad to see you are living up to them.'"

WILL NOT HEAR IT.

Judge Foster Declines to Act on the Sanders Case.

Judge Foster today declined to hear the habeas corpus case of General Sanders and his army of commonwealers and it is understood there is a probability of the case against the army being dismissed.

Judge Foster says he does not feel strong enough to go into court just now and he wanted to save his strength for the June term of court, over which he will preside.

It is understood that the government wishes it did not have this army on its hands, and that on Monday, before Judge Williams, at Wichita, a motion is likely to be made looking to the dismissal of the case.

If the case is not dismissed and the men are held for trial they can't be tried before the September term of court, and with the very little chance of conviction it will be expensive for the government to feed the army all summer. The U. S. marshal and U. S. attorney have decided that it would be the best thing they can do to let the army go.

They would like to let all the men go except a few of the leaders, but Lawyer Joe Vickers has from the first, and still insists, that each man must be tried for the offense for which they were arrested.

A newspaper correspondent who was on the special train which carried United States Marshal Neely to Scott county, when the weathers were arrested, says that General Sanders outgeneraled Marshal Neely, and dictated the terms of the surrender of the army; and this is what makes all the trouble now. When Marshal Neely served the papers making the arrest, Sanders asked if he would take all of his men. When Marshal Neely consented to arrest all of the members of the army, General Sanders said they would go with him without resistance.

It was understood at the time that Marshal Neely did not want to arrest all the army but was afraid that if he attempted to take a few of the leaders, the army would capture him and his men.

The trains will leave Topeka at 7:30 a. m. and return at 8:30 p. m., using the Santa Fe track to Meriden and thence direct to Leavenworth on its own track. It is believed by many that the Santa Fe has put on the train to head off the agitation for the Burlington to run trains to Topeka. As such it is a clever piece of business on the part of the rival company.

TOPEKA TO LEAVENWORTH

Trains to Run Straight Through, Beginning Next Wednesday.

Receiver McLellan, of the Leavenworth, Topeka & Southwestern, announces today that the regular operation of trains over that route from Leavenworth to Topeka will begin next Wednesday morning.

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Illinois Apportionment.

DANVILLE, Ills., May 19.—Judge Bookwalter today sustained the Democratic congressional apportionment of Illinois and denied the application of the Republican petitioners for an injunction.

Queen of Ivy.

The coronation of the Ivy Queen takes place on Bethany campus Monday evening next at 8:30. The ceremonies will be on a decorated float for the purpose in front of the main building and in all due form with attendants and music. The queen will then preside over the amusements of the evening, which will continue until 9 o'clock. Refreshments will be served by the young ladies for the benefit of the "Bishop Vail Scholarship" in Japan. All friends of Bethany are hereby invited.

Irving Hall of Chicago and formerly a resident of Topeka, is now stopping at the National hotel for a few days in this city.

Downing & Courtney's bargain day. Only one day, Monday, May 21st, cabinet photos for \$2 per dozen.

Kansas Turnfest celebration, June 3d and 4th, at Turners Garden. Bids for the restaurant privileges for this great occasion, will be received up to May 23d, by Dr. Klemp, secretary, at No. 311 Quincy street, city.

GO WITH THE DEMOCRATS.

The German American League Will Probably Vote That Way.

The German American league of Kansas will hold its state convention in Topeka Monday, June 4th, for the purpose of protesting against the adoption of the suffrage amendment to the constitution of the state, which is to be voted on at the fall election.

W. F. Webber, one of the vice presidents of the local league said today: "We are opposed to woman suffrage and we will be against the political party which puts a suffrage plank in its platform and we don't care which party it is. While there are more Democrats than Republicans in the league in Topeka, in the state as a whole most of the members of the league are Republicans, but our action in favor of the measure we demand will be entirely independent. There will be about 125 or 150 delegates in the state convention."

"We have about forty local leagues in the state and others are being organized now. It would not be surprising if fifty additional local leagues should be organized before the state convention meets."

"The convention proper will be held in the Turner hall, but it has not yet been decided where the big meeting will be held, although there is some talk about holding it in Representative hall."

The local branch of the league this week elected the following officers: President, Philip Mooser; first vice president, Christian States; second vice president, W. F. Webber; treasurer, Frank Gotsch; secretary, Theo. Pennekamp.

At its regular meeting next Tuesday night, the local league will elect its delegates to the state convention.

TO RECEIVE GEN. KELLY.

The Mayor of St. Louis Will Allow a Demonstration There.

St. Louis, May 19.—St. Louis is not afraid of Kelly's army. The mayor has given permission for a grand reception by the labor organizations to the California brigade of the industrial army. A big committee, composed of representatives of the Knights of Labor, the American Federation of Labor and the Trades and Labor Union, called on Mayor Walbridge and asked him to allow General Kelly and his brigade to enter the city and participate in a mass meeting to be held in Lucas Square. No aid is asked of the city, but the labor organizations propose to furnish the industrials with food and promise to stand responsible for the good behavior of the army during its stay.

The mayor, after a short conference with the committee, granted its request, and a permit to hold the mass meeting will be granted to the workmen. In speaking of the matter, Mayor Walbridge said:

"I was elected mayor by the people of St. Louis to take care that the laws of the state and the ordinances of the city are respected and enforced within the city. Prior to my election I pledged myself publicly to a just administration of the office for all the people without distinction. This requirement of the charter and this personal pledge I shall carry out to the very end of my power. I do not consider it my duty as mayor to aid any set of citizens in any given enterprise and particularly when that enterprise is of a political or semi-political character. I do not consider it my duty to use the office of mayor against any set of citizens engaged in any given enterprise unless that enterprise is of a political or semi-political character and is detrimental to the interests of the city. All people coming to our city will be received and treated from this standpoint. If within my power I shall enforce the laws and ordinances; not against any set of people nor for any set of people, except as indicated. I shall do all in my power to preserve the common good and the honest government of all to have free expression."

PULLMAN'S GIFT TO ALBION

A \$75,000 Universalist Church Presented by the Millionaire.

ALBION, N. Y., May 19.—The corner stone of the Pullman Memorial church was laid today with imposing ceremonies by the officers of the Masonic Grand lodge, by Grand Master Frederick K. Burnham, of New York.

The principal address was given by Rev. Dr. H. Pullman of Baltimore, who was followed by Rev. Dr. Saxton of Rochester. This church edifice is the gift of George Pullman, the Chicago millionaire, to the Universalist society of Albion, and is erected in memory of his father and mother, who are both buried here. Its estimated cost is \$75,000.

PRESBYTERIAN ASSEMBLY.

They Are Still Discussing the Vexed Question of Theological Seminaries.

SARASOTA, N. Y., May 19.—When the Presbyterian general assembly met today it was with the prospect of a hot and perhaps acrimonious debate. After the devotional services, led by the moderator, miscellaneous business was considered for half an hour. A report came from the committee on bills and overtures on reunion with the Southern Presbyterian church.

Without discussion a resolution was adopted by a rising vote and with applause, providing for the appointment of a committee of nine to take into consideration the whole question of organization with that church on the basis of the common standards of doctrine held by both bodies.

The clerks were authorized to send fraternal greetings to other churches now in session, the Southern Presbyterian church at Nashville, the Cumberland church at Eugene, Oregon, and the United Presbyterian church at Albany, Oregon.

Elder John McCook of New York, was appointed vice moderator, a new departure in the practice of the assembly. The subject of theological seminaries was opened by Dr. Wm. C. Young, chairman of the committee. He suggested that the agitation of the past two or three years had been prejudicial and was intended to lead to a careful examination of the methods heretofore in vogue and the substitution of a better system. The principles of the majority report he declared to be reasonable and moderate.

Several others spoke and the question went over until Monday.

New York Stock Market.

American Sugar Refinery, 94½; A. T. S. F., 9½; C. B. & Q., 78½; Erie, 13; L. & N., 44½; Missouri Pacific, 25½; Reading, 16; New England, 33½; Rock Island, 46; St. Paul, 58½; Union Pacific, 164½; Western Union, 82½; Chicago Gas, 65½; Cordage, 19½.

D. Holmes, druggist, 731 Kansas ave.

NEWS OF KANSAS.

Pension Swindle is Discovered at Arkansas City.

The Rock Island Wins a \$20,000 Damage Suit.

OTHER STATE NEWS.

Leavenworth Colored People Incensed at Police.

ARKANSAS CITY, May 19.—Hardy Mitchem and wife, colored, were arrested for forgery, having been indicted by the United States grand jury in Wichita. A year ago the pair conceived a plan to secure money on a pension drawn by one O'Brien, another colored man living here.

Mitchem went to the postoffice and asked for O'Brien's mail, receiving the voucher and check for the pension, amounting to \$36, or thereabouts. O'Brien's name was then erased in the papers and that of Mitchem substituted. Mitchem then swore to the papers and the amount called for was paid by the United States disbursing office.

O'Brien waited patiently for the letter with his pension in it, but the "letter never came," and at last he reported to the department the pension's failure to show up. An investigation followed and culminated in the indictment and arrest of Mitchem and his wife.

Mitchem himself can neither read nor write, but his wife supplied this deficiency, while he performed the abominable swearing necessary to get the "boodle."

ROCK ISLAND WINS A DAMAGE SUIT.

John Dobson Sued for \$20,000 for Being Accidentally Shot.

WICHITA, May 19.—The jury in the federal court, governed by the instructions of Judge Williams, returned a verdict for the defendant in the case of John Dobson against the Rock Island Railroad company. The case was brought for the recovery of \$20,000 damages alleged to have been sustained by Dobson by reason of the negligence of the company in not having a prisoner on its train properly guarded.

In September, 1891, Charley Bryant, a noted desperado in charge of United States Marshal Ed Short in a Rock Island baggage car got a revolver in some way from the messenger. A desperate battle followed between him and the marshal and one of the flying bullets struck Dobson who was a passenger in one of the coaches on the arm rendering it partially useless.

The judge found that the prisoner was properly guarded.

COLORED PEOPLE AGAINST POLICE.

Populist Police at Leavenworth Have Mistreated Them They Say.

LEAVENWORTH, May 19.—For some time colored people have been complaining of mistreatment by the Populist police here and the trouble culminated in the shooting of young Reed Tuesday. On complaint of some leading colored citizens, the county attorney has caused the arrest of Officers Murphy and Talbot on the charge of shooting with intent to kill. The policemen were placed under \$1,000 bonds each and suspended from duty to await a legal investigation.

Colored citizens feel that they are being annoyed by the Populist police on account of their refusing to have anything to do with Governor Leavenworth's party. In order to protect themselves and maintain their rights they have taken steps to organize a "Colored Citizens' Protective League." This organization will employ legal talent to defend colored people when unjustly arrested.

TOOK HIS WIFE'S MONEY.

A Ft. Scott Man Absconded With Funds His Wife Had Earned.

FT. SCOTT, May 19.—Sid Brown, a lunch counter man of the north side, left Wednesday for Kansas City, with \$426 of his wife's money stowed in his inside pocket. Chief of Police Ham of this city has traced him closely and wired Chief Spens of Kansas City, who arrested him and he was brought back here.

Mrs. Brown is a splendid manager of the business, by which she has accumulated the money which her husband took. She will not prosecute him if the money which was recovered is given to her, only asking him to stay away.

Brown had only time to spend \$76 of the money taken, and \$350 was found upon him.

BROKE BOTH HIS LEGS.

A Lever Used in Boring a Well Broke With Serious Effect.

SMITH CENTER, May 19.—The Smith Center Pioneer, May 19.—The Smith Monday afternoon M. D. Tidball, who lives north of this city, was helping David Clark to bore a well near Bellaire.

He was driving the horse which was attached to the lever by the auger and was turned, when the lever broke and flew back striking Mr. Tidball across both shoulders and hips, breaking both limbs and cutting his head.

DIVIDED THE PRIZE MONEY.

The Newton Musical Union Got Four Dollars Apiece.

NEWTON, May 19.—The musical union has decided to divide pro rata its prize money won at the Hutchinson festival, which would make about four dollars for each member with a small balance in the treasury.

The union has decided not to disband for the summer, but to meet every two weeks. Wednesday evening the union presented Prof. B. F. Welty, their pianist, with a handsome piano lamp.

The Peddlers Left Town.

WELLINGTON, May 19.—The case of the city of Wellington against the three peddlers arrested last week for selling goods without a license has been compromised, the charges against the men being withdrawn and the companies employing them agreeing to withdraw all salesmen from the city. This compromise is the outcome of the habeas corpus proceedings brought in United States court at Wichita.

Arranging For G. A. R. Reunion.

HUTCHINSON, May 19.—Department Commander W. P. Campbell of Wichita and the executive committee of the council of administration of the Grand Army of the Republic of Kansas are in

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

the city to hold a joint session with the local executive G. A. R. committee, looking toward final arrangements for the great reunion to be held in this city next fall. At this meeting will be decided the exact date of holding the reunion, and a programme for the occasion will be arranged.

Acheson Falling Into the River.

ATCHISON, May 19.—The river is now near the most important part of East Atchison. It is almost in the yards of half a dozen houses. The railroads are not interested in the town in particular, and it lies with the citizens to protect the river bank. The citizens say they should be given assistance by Atchison. It will not be many days before houses will be tumbling into the river if the work is not carried ahead promptly.

A Chance For Coxeyites.

AMERICUS, May 19.—There is a serious scarcity of farm help in this vicinity. While the Coxeyites are forming armies to demand work of the government, our farmers are unable to obtain men to cultivate their farms. They are offering \$18 per month and board. If there be any excuse for this Coxey movement it is not apparent here.

Emporia Athletic Club.

EMPORIA, May 19.—The Emporia Athletic club has dedicated its new rooms in the Addison building. The club has three apartments nicely furnished, one being devoted to a gymnasium and the other to cards and a reading room. The principal exercise is boxing, ring-work and tumbling.

Calderhead Welcomed.

MARTINSVILLE, May 19.—W. A. Calderhead, the Republican nominee for congress in the Fifth district, was given a royal welcome by his townsmen on his return home. He was escorted by a band to the center of town where a large crowd was assembled to meet him with enthusiastic cheers.

New Church at Lebanon.

LEBANON, May 19.—A new church building 3x50 is being erected just west of the Hotel Linton, by the Christian church of this city. Work has already been commenced upon it and it is expected that the next sixty days will see it completed ready for occupancy.

TODAY'S MARKET REPORT.

Furnished by W. F. Federman, Broker in Grain, Provisions and Stocks, Real Estate Building, Corner Seventh and Jackson Streets.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, May 19.—Wheat opened excitedly today, one cent higher, the cold weather and accompanying frosts having scared the shorts. Partridge dealt out wheat in large quantities, but the cold weather scare was backed by higher cables and buyers were largely in the majority. July started 1c higher, at 56½c, lost ½c, advanced ½c and reacted to the opening price.

Wheat closed strong at an advance of a cent over Friday. The buying was chiefly to cover shorts, although there was some buying for long account by Armour and Allerton.

There was some realizing by Linn and that had much to do with stopping the advance. The strong cables were of a bullish feature.

Corn was higher on the cold weather and aided by the advance in wheat. July opened ½c higher, at 37½c, lost ½c and reacted to opening figures.

Oats firm; July 30½c. Provisions were firm on light hog receipts and in sympathy with the grain markets. July pork opened 5c higher, at \$11.90, lost 7½c, advanced 10c and reacted to \$11.85.

July lard, \$6.85. Estimated receipts for Monday: Wheat, 130 cars; corn, 560 cars; oats, 250 cars; hogs, 24,000 head. Hogs next week, 120,000.

MAY 19.

WHEAT—May, 54½c; July, 56½c; Sept., 58½c; Dec., 61½c. CORN—May, 36½c; July, 37½c; Sept., 38½c; Dec., 40½c. OATS—May, 32½c; July, 33½c; Sept., 34½c; Dec., 36½c.

CATTLE—Receipts, 1,000. Shipments, 1,000. Market steady. Prime to extra native steers, \$4.20@4.35; medium, \$3.95@4.15; others, \$3.75@4.00; Texans, \$3.20@3.85.

HOGS—Receipts, 12,000. Shipments, 6,000. Market strong, all sold. Rough and heavy, \$4.25@4.50; packers and mixed, \$4.15@4.40; prime heavy and butcher's weights, \$4.85@4.95; assorted light, \$4.80@4.90.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts, 1,500. Market unchanged. Quotations for clipped: Top sheep, \$4.25@4.50; top lambs, \$4.75@5.00.

KANSAS CITY MARKET. KANSAS CITY, May 19.—WHEAT—No. 1 hard, 49¢; No. 2 hard, 48¢; No. 3 hard, 47¢; No. 4 hard, 46¢; No. 5 hard, 45¢; No. 6 hard, 44¢; No. 7 hard, 43¢; No. 8 hard, 42¢; No. 9 hard, 41¢; No. 10 hard, 40¢; No. 11 hard, 39¢; No. 12 hard, 38¢; No. 13 hard, 37¢; No. 14 hard, 36¢; No. 15 hard, 35¢; No. 16 hard, 34¢; No. 17 hard, 33¢; No. 18 hard, 32¢; No. 19 hard, 31¢; No. 20 hard, 30¢; No. 21 hard, 29¢; No. 22 hard, 28¢; No. 23 hard, 27¢; No. 24 hard, 26¢; No. 25 hard, 25¢; No. 26 hard, 24¢; No. 27 hard, 23¢; No. 28 hard, 22¢; No. 29 hard, 21¢; No. 30 hard, 20¢; No. 31 hard, 19¢; No. 32 hard, 18¢; No. 33 hard, 17¢; No. 34 hard, 16¢; No. 35 hard, 15¢; No. 36 hard, 14¢; No. 37 hard, 13¢; No. 38 hard, 12¢; No. 39 hard, 11¢; No. 40 hard, 10¢; No. 41 hard, 9¢; No. 42 hard, 8¢; No. 43 hard, 7¢; No. 44 hard, 6¢; No. 45 hard, 5¢; No. 46 hard, 4¢; No. 47 hard, 3¢; No. 48 hard, 2¢; No. 49 hard, 1¢; No. 50 hard, 0¢; No. 51 hard, 0¢; No. 52 hard, 0¢; No. 53 hard, 0¢; No. 54 hard, 0¢; No. 55 hard, 0¢; No. 56 hard, 0¢; No. 57 hard, 0¢; No. 58 hard, 0¢; No. 59 hard, 0¢; No. 60 hard, 0¢; No. 61 hard, 0¢; No. 62 hard, 0¢; No. 63 hard, 0¢; No. 64 hard, 0¢; No. 65 hard, 0¢; No. 66 hard, 0¢; No. 67 hard, 0¢; No. 68 hard, 0¢; No. 69 hard, 0¢; No. 70 hard, 0¢; No. 71 hard, 0¢; No. 72 hard, 0¢; No. 73 hard, 0¢; No. 74 hard, 0¢; No. 75 hard, 0¢; No. 76 hard, 0¢; No. 77 hard, 0¢; No. 78 hard, 0¢; No. 79 hard, 0¢; No. 80 hard, 0¢; No. 81 hard, 0¢; No. 82 hard, 0¢; No. 83 hard, 0¢; No. 84 hard, 0¢; No. 85 hard, 0¢; No. 86 hard, 0¢; No. 87 hard, 0¢; No. 88 hard, 0¢; No. 89 hard, 0¢; No. 90 hard, 0¢; No. 91 hard, 0¢; No. 92 hard, 0¢; No. 93 hard, 0¢; No. 94 hard, 0¢; No. 95 hard, 0¢; No. 96 hard, 0¢; No. 97 hard, 0¢; No. 98 hard, 0¢; No. 99 hard, 0¢; No. 100 hard, 0¢; No. 101 hard, 0¢; No. 102 hard, 0¢; No. 103 hard, 0¢; No. 104 hard, 0¢; No. 105 hard, 0¢; No. 106 hard, 0¢; No. 107 hard, 0¢; No. 108 hard, 0¢; No. 109 hard, 0¢; No. 110 hard, 0¢; No. 1